

$$\text{Let } \sum a_n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} \dots$$

$$\sum a_n = \sum (-1)^n b_n \text{ where } b_n = \frac{1}{n}$$

Since  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = 0$  and  $b_{n+1} \leq b_n$  for  $n > 1$ ,

$\sum a_n$  converges by alt. series test.

---

$$\text{Let } S = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n}, \quad S \approx S_4 = \sum_{n=1}^4 \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$|R_4| = |S - S_4| \leq \frac{1}{5}$$

---

Larsen 9.5.43 Let  $\sum a_n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^3}$ , find the number of terms to approximate the sum within  $1/1000$ .

$\sum a_n$  converges by alt. series test b/c  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} = 0$

$$\frac{1}{(n+1)^3} \leq \frac{1}{n^3} \text{ for } n \geq 1.$$

$$|\text{Error}| = |S - S_n| \leq \frac{1}{(n+1)^3} \leq \frac{1}{1000}$$

Karson 9.5.43

$$\frac{1}{(N+1)^3} \leq \frac{1}{1000}$$

$$(N+1)^3 \geq 1000$$

$$N+1 \geq (10^3)^{1/3}$$

$$N+1 \geq 10$$

$$N \geq 9, \quad S_9 = \sum_{n=0}^9 \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2}, \quad \text{9 terms}$$