

8.5.34 - repeated linear

$$\int \frac{6x^2+1}{x^2(x-1)^3} dx$$

$$\frac{6x^2+1}{x^2(x-1)^3} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x^2} + \frac{C}{x-1} + \frac{D}{(x-1)^2} + \frac{E}{(x-1)^3}$$

$$6x^2+1 = A(x^3-3x^2+3x-1) + B(x-1)^3 + Cx^2(x-1)^2 + Dx^2(x-1) + Ex^2$$

$$6x^2+1 = x^4(A+C) + x^3(-3A+B-2C+D) + x^2(3A-3B+C-D+E) + x(-A+3B) + (-B)$$

$$A+C=0$$

$$-3A+B-2C+D=0$$

$$3A-3B+C-D+E=6 \Rightarrow$$

$$-A+3B=0$$

$$-B=1$$

A	B	C	D	E	#
1	0	1	0	0	0
-3	1	-2	1	0	0
3	-3	1	-1	1	6
-1	3	0	0	0	0
0	-1	0	0	0	1

$$A = -3$$

$$B = -1$$

$$C = 3$$

$$D = -2$$

$$E = 7$$

$$\int \frac{6x^2+1}{x^2(x-1)^3} dx = -3\ln|x| + \frac{1}{x} + 3\ln|x-1| + \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{7}{(x-1)^2} + C$$

8.5.20 $x^3 + x^2 - x - 1 = x^2(x+1) - 1(x+1) = (x+1)^2(x-1)$

repeated linear

$$\frac{4x^2}{x^3 + x^2 - x - 1} = \frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{B}{(x+1)^2} + \frac{C}{x-1}$$

$$4x^2 = A(x+1)(x-1) + B(x-1) + C(x+1)^2$$

$$4x^2 = x^2(A+C) + x(B+2C) + (-A-B+C)$$

$$A + C = 4$$

$$B + 2C = 0$$

$$-A - B + C = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} A = 3 \\ B = -2 \\ C = 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\int \frac{4x^2}{x^3 + x^2 - x - 1} dx = 3 \ln|x+1| + 2 \frac{1}{x+1} + \ln|x-1| + C$$

8.5.31 irreducible quadratic

$$\int_1^2 \frac{x+1}{x(x^2+1)} dx$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x(x^2+1)} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{Bx+C}{x^2+1}$$

$$x+1 = A(x^2+1) + Bx^2 + Cx$$

$$x+1 = x^2(A+B) + x(C) + (A)$$

$$A+B=0$$

$$C=1$$

$$A=1; B=-1$$

$$\int_1^2 \frac{x+1}{x(x^2+1)} dx = A \int_1^2 \frac{1}{x} dx + B \int_1^2 \frac{x}{x^2+1} dx + C \int_1^2 \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx$$

$\ln|x|$ $\frac{B}{2} \ln|x^2+1|$ $\arctan x$

$$= \ln|x| - \frac{1}{2} \ln|x^2+1| + \arctan x \Big|_1^2$$