

$$\underline{6.2.7} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{x} y, \quad \frac{1}{y} \cdot y' = x^{1/2}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{y} dy = \int x^{1/2} dx, \quad \ln|y| = \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} + C$$

$$|y| = e^{\frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} + C} \Rightarrow y = a \cdot e^{\frac{2}{3}x^{3/2}}$$

Logistic Differential Equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ky(1 - \frac{y}{L})$$

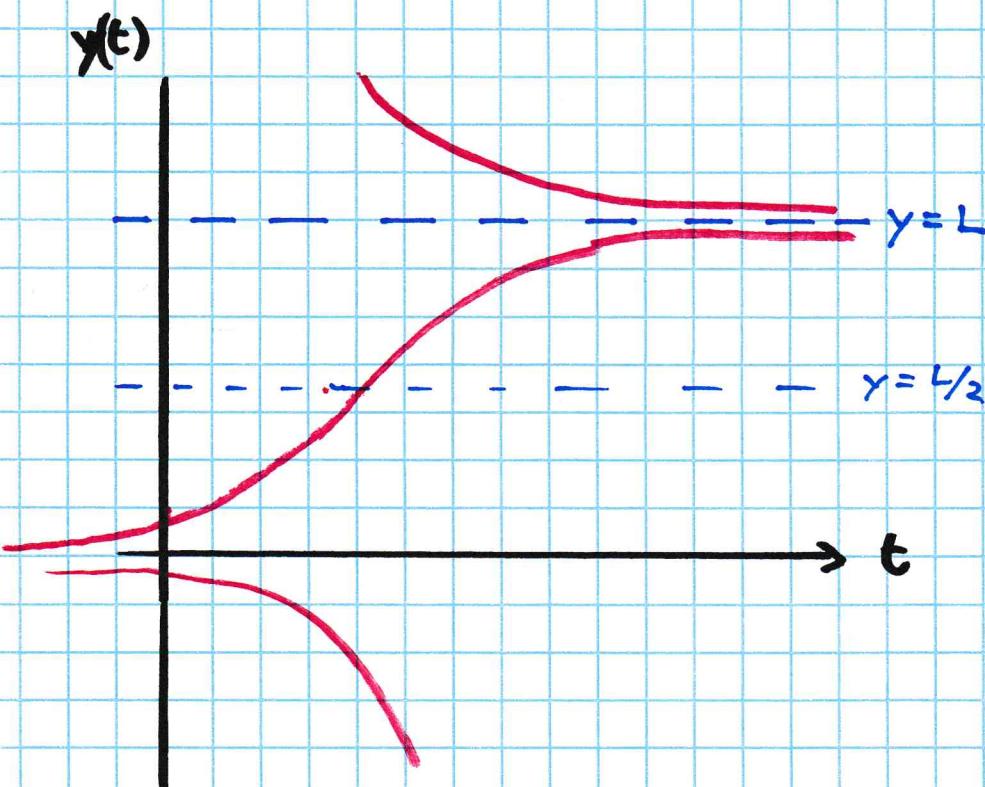
$$y' = ky - \frac{k}{L}y^2$$

Note: $k, L \geq 0$

L - carrying capacity

k - exp. growth const.

- $y(t)$ has zero rate of change when $y=0$ or $y=L$
- When $0 < y < L$, $y(t)$ resembles exponential growth
- $y'' = ky' - 2\frac{k}{L}yy' = ky'(1 - \frac{2}{L}y)$
Note: $y''=0$ when $y=\frac{L}{2}$, $y(t)$ has max. rate of change, and $y(t)$ has a point of inflection
- When $y > L$, $y(t)$ resembles exponential Decay
- When $y < 0$, $y(t)$ accelerates downward exponentially



Logistic DE solution

$$y' = ky(1 - \frac{y}{L}) , \frac{1}{y(1 - \frac{y}{L})} y' = k$$

$$\left(\frac{L}{L-y}\right) y(1 - \frac{1}{L-y}) y' = k , \frac{L}{y(L-y)} y' = k$$

~~WLOG~~ $\int k dt = kt + C = L \int \frac{1}{y(L-y)} dy$

$$\frac{1}{y(L-y)} = \frac{A}{y} + \frac{B}{L-y}$$

Partial Fractions

$$1 = A(L-y) + By$$

$$1 = y(-A+B) + (AL)$$

$$A \cdot L = 1 ; A = \frac{1}{L} ; A = B = \frac{1}{L}$$

$$L \int \frac{1}{y(L-y)} dy = L \left(\frac{1}{L} \int \frac{1}{y} dy + \frac{1}{L} \int \frac{1}{L-y} dy \right)$$

$$= L \ln |y| - L \ln |L-y| = kt + C,$$

$$L \ln \left| \frac{y}{L-y} \right| = kt + C \Rightarrow \frac{y}{L-y} = a e^{kt}$$

$$\left(\frac{Y}{L-y}\right) = \left(a \cdot e^{-kt}\right), \quad \frac{L-y}{y} = ae^{-kt}$$

$$\frac{L}{y} - 1 = ae^{-kt}, \quad \frac{L}{y} = ae^{-kt} + 1$$

$$\frac{y}{L} = \frac{1}{1 + ae^{-kt}}, \quad \boxed{y(t) = \frac{L}{1 + ae^{-kt}}}$$